GATE Simulation study

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• GATE simulation

- compare the center of photoelectron distribution with one of interaction position
- calculate the solid angle

GATE simulation



XEMIS2 Geometry

- radial 7 < r < 19 cm
- •axial (z) Length = 2×12 cm
- (divided by cathode)
- •Electric Field in z direction 2 kV/cm
- •Pad size : 3.175 x 3.175 mm²
- •Source ⁴⁴Sc (β ⁺, γ : 1.157 MeV)
- •Source position
- (sphere : r = 1.0 cm)
- •Drift velocity : 3 mm/usec
- •PMTs
 - 2inch : 4 x 20
 - (4.624 x 4.624 cm²)
 - (divide PhotoCathode by 2(v) and 4(u))



Compared the center of photoelectron distribution with one of interaction position



- In order to check the accuracy of simulation, I confirmed the center position of interaction and compare it with peak position of photon distribution
- If correct, these shows almost same positions in *v*-plane and *u*-plane.

Compared the center of photoelectron distribution with one of interaction position



- Interaction position (unit : mm)
 - (u, v, w) = (43, 316.53, 106.49) positron1 compton
 - -(u, v, w) = (42.7, 316.47, 103.89) positron1 photoelectric
 - -(u, v, w) = (-30.3, -316.21, 91.9) positron2 photoelectric
- Concerning to positron1, compton scattering and photoelectric are occurred in this case, but these positions are almost same in resolution of reconstruction.

Compared the center of photoelectron distribution with one of interaction position



• Compared the simulation results (unit : mm)



These shows good match.



- In order to confirm the accuracy of simulation, I calculated the number of photoelectron in each photocathode by solid angle
- In this case, depth of interaction position from photocahode is much longer than *u* and *v* length of photocathode.



- Equation :
 - $\Omega = 4 \arcsin(\sin \alpha \sin \beta)$
- In this time, solid angle is approximated like right figure because w>>Δv (Δu).

about 100

• Calculated 20 points which surround the peak position.





- Results
 - red and green markers are the calculated results
 - generated 2068 photoelectron



It is difficult to judge the match or not by only this graph



Results (based on positron2 data, calculated by Excel)
– generated 2068 photoelectron

U-ID	V-ID	∠U	∠V	α	β	solid angle($\Omega/4\pi$)	number of photoelectron	simulation results	match or not	
1	5	65.480	135.168	0.040	0.038	0.00048	1.000	1	0	
1	7	65.480	72.336	0.040	0.073	0.00094	1.944	1	0	
1	9	65.480	9.505	0.040	0.122	0.00157	3.246	2	0	
1	11	65.480	53.327	0.040	0.089	0.00114	2.366	1	×	
1	13	65.480	116.159	0.040	0.046	0.00059	1.215	2	0	
3	5	42.360	135.168	0.051	0.038	0.00060	1.250	2	0	
3	7	42.360	72.336	0.051	0.073	0.00117	2.429	2	0	
3	9	42.360	9.505	0.051	0.122	0.00196	4.056	2	×	
3	11	42.360	53.327	0.051	0.089	0.00143	2.957	2	0	
3	13	42.360	116.159	0.051	0.046	0.00073	1.518	1	0	
5	5	5.480	135.168	0.062	0.038	0.00074	1.539	2	0	
5	7	5.480	72.336	0.062	0.073	0.00145	2.991	5	0	
5	9	5.480	9.505	0.062	0.122	0.00241	4.993	4	0	nearest
5	11	5.480	53.327	0.062	0.089	0.00176	3.641	3	0	
5	13	5.480	116.159	0.062	0.046	0.00090	1.869	2	0	
7	5	17.640	135.168	0.060	0.038	0.00071	1.478	2	0	
7	7	17.640	72.336	0.060	0.073	0.00139	2.873	3	0	
7	9	17.640	9.505	0.060	0.122	0.00232	4.796	6	0	
7	11	17.640	53.327	0.060	0.089	0.00169	3.497	4	0	
7	13	17.640	116.159	0.060	0.046	0.00087	1.795	2	0	

Summary



- Confirmed the interaction position (*u* and *v*) and compared it with the peak of photoelectron distribution.
 - It shows good match
- Calculated the solid angle from interaction position to photocathode and got the number of photoelectron detected by each PMTs.
 - Almost the simulation results and calculation results matches.

Next



- Arrange the peak search program of TSpectrum2 (ROOT function) and test it.
 - generate the Gaussian peak with defined sigma
 - show the smoothed spectrum